

# PP MG



## POLYPROPYLENE MEDICAL GRADE

### Material description

PP MG (medical grade) is a heat - stabilised polypropylene. The good chemical resistance, low moisture absorption and hydrolysis resistance are ideal for applications in medical technology. The raw material is batch - managed and meets the requirements of the FDA and USP VI. The material can be sterilised very well.

### Conformities

RoHS, REACH, USP Class VI, ISO 10993-5

Physical properties	Test method	Value	Unit
Density	DIN EN ISO 1183-1	0.92	g/cm3
Water absorbtion	DIN EN ISO 62	<0.1	%
Sliding friction			
Abrasion resistance			

Mechanical properties	Test method	Value	Unit
Yield stress	DIN EN ISO 527	36	MPa
Elongation at break	DIN EN ISO 527	90	%
Tensile modulus of elasticity	DIN EN ISO 527	2000	MPa
Notched impact strength	DIN EN ISO 527	40	kJ/m2
Ball indentation hardness	DIN EN ISO 2039-1	100	MPa

Thermal properties	Test method	Value	Unit
Thermal conductivity	DIN 52612-2	0.2	W/(m*K)
Heat capacity	DIN 52612-1	1.7	kJ/(kg*K)
Coefficient of thermal expansion	DIN 53752	120-190	10 <sup>-6</sup> *K <sup>-1</sup>
Operating temperature short term		150	°C
Operating temperature long term		0 bis 100	°C
Heat deflection temperature	DIN EN ISO 75 / A	55	°C
Flammability	UL 94, 3 mm	HB	

Electrical properties	Test method	Value	Unit
Volume resistivity	IEC 60093	>10 <sup>13</sup>	Ω * cm
Surface resistivity	IEC 60093	>10 <sup>13</sup>	Ω * cm
Dielectric strength	IEC 60243	50	kV/mm
Comparative tracking index (CTI)	IEC 60112	600	CTI

These technical data have been determined as average values by our suppliers from many individual measurements. In all measurements, the test specimens were tested in the dry state. We pass on the data with reservation. The table does not claim to be complete or correct. Material technology is subject to constant further development. No rights or guarantees can be derived from it. Own tests are necessary because the environmental and operating conditions (humidity, temperature, mechanical forces, radiation and chemicals, etc.) set limits in the application.